

Victims of Violence: A Guide to Help Bring Justice

Telecourse DVD (New)
January 2007

POST Course Control Number: **xxxx-29000-xx157***
 CPT Hours: **2.0**
 DVD Shipping Date: **01/19/06**
 Reference Guide: **No**

NEW Course Control Numbering scheme as of July 2006
 The first four digits of the Course Control Number (xxxx) is the preassigned Telecourse Presenter Number specific to your agency; the next five digits are fixed "29000" for all video/multimedia presented after July 1, 2006; the tenth and eleventh digits (xx) are the fiscal year in which your agency presents this program (currently "06"); the final three digits are the "multimedia I.D. number" specific to this program. See website at <http://www.post.ca.gov/training/cptn/control.asp> for detailed instructions.

Revised for 2007, this video is intended to educate victims about the investigative and criminal justice processes so that they may be better able to understand and assist in the investigation and prosecution of the offender(s). Through the testimonials of victims of violent crimes, viewers will gain insight into victims' experience with the criminal justice system in key areas of: violent crime investigative procedures, step-by-step explanation of the criminal justice process, and courtroom proceedings.

Victims of Violence: A Guide to Help Bring Justice is designed to be a tool for law enforcement officers as well as victim advocacy groups, victim outreach programs, and providers of victim services. Beyond the initial viewing by law enforcement officers, departments may obtain additional copies from POST to distribute to victims or victim agencies.

The DVD program offers two viewing options:

1. Play Telecourse in its entirety (100 min.)
2. Select among six Telecourse segments:
 - Victims' Stories (9 min.)
 - In the Aftermath of Crime (13 min.)
 - Introduction
 - Eliminating Suspects
 - Who's Who in the Investigation
 - Being Open with Information
 - Keeping Notes
 - Putting the Case Together
 - The Criminal Justice System (55 min.)
 - Introduction
 - Arraignment
 - Charging Decisions
 - Pre-Trial Hearings
 - The Presumption of Innocence
 - Pre-Trial Motions
 - Delays, Continuances & Special Considerations
 - Role of the DA
 - Role of the Defense
 - Role of the Judge
 - Victim Advocacy
 - Rights of the Defendant
 - Victims' Rights
 - Unsolved Cases
 - Trial (15 min.)
 - Jury Selection and the Trial Process
 - Conviction
 - Victim Impact Statements
 - Sentencing
 - Enduring (5 min.)
 - Glossary and Terminology (3 min.)



Monthly Edition DVD
January 2007

Unreasonable Force

with William Bedsworth, Justice of the Court of Appeal, State of California
IRS agents with a warrant for the parents of an 11-year-old boy encountered the boy first. They proned him out on the driveway, held a gun to his head, searched him, cuffed him and sat him down on the curb while they arrested his parents. They are presently defending an unreasonable force lawsuit in federal court. Justice Bedsworth discusses the lessons this case teaches. *Case cited: Tekle v. United States (2006) DJDAR 10587.* (6:48)

Searching Dorm Rooms: Consent of University Enough?

with Jeff Rubin, Alameda County District Attorney's Office
Students have a comparable reasonable expectation of privacy in a dorm to tenants in a rented apartment and thus getting consent to enter a dorm room from campus security, but not the student, is not sufficient to permit entry into the room without a warrant in the absence of exigent circumstances. *Case cited: People v. Superior Court (Walker) (2006) 143 Cal.App.4th 1183.* (16:01)

Traffic Stops: Reasonable Suspicion

with Daniel Mcnerney, Superior Court Judge, State of California
In determining whether an officer has reasonable suspicion to conduct a traffic stop, the court will consider not only the articulable facts the officer relied on, but also his/her training and experience in interpreting those facts to be consistent with criminal activity. (8:41)

Juvenile Search Clause: Advance Knowledge Required

with Jeff Rubin, Alameda County District Attorney's Office
Evidence seized as a result of a detention of a minor with a juvenile probation search clause must be suppressed if the detention is not supported by reasonable suspicion and the officer is unaware of the search clause before the detention. *Case cited: In re Jaime P. (2006) 2006 WL 3437058.* (3:24)

A New Kind of Kidnapping

with William Bedsworth, Justice of the Court of Appeal, State of California
We all have a picture in our mind of what a kidnapping is, and since Penal Code §207 defines kidnapping by reference to force and fear, our mental picture usually involves someone being dragged away or forced into a car at gunpoint. But in the Dalerio case, the court dealt with the attempted murder of a nine-year-old girl and upheld a kidnapping that involved no force and no fear. Justice Bedsworth explains this case of great importance to officers working crimes against children. *Case cited: People v. Dalerio (2006) DJDAR 14777.* (6:48)

Stop Based on Officer Fabrication Requires Suppression

with Jeff Rubin, Alameda County District Attorney's Office
If officers lied about defendant's car having broken brake light and that was the only ground for traffic stop, evidence obtained from the car pursuant to a search incident to the arrest of the defendant on an outstanding warrant (that was discovered after the stop) must be suppressed. *Case cited: People v. Rodriguez (2006) 143 Cal.App.4th 1137.* (6:26)

More Information and Future Programs

Distribution and Ordering

DVDs are direct-mailed each month to POST-Certified Telecourse Presenters and Basic Academies in the California POST Program. Multiple copies of CPTN materials are available via automated direct-mail to eligible agencies with multiple training sites. Visit the CPTN website for more information about DVD distribution, eligibility, video listings and ordering.

Telecourse CPT Credit

This month's Telecourse(s) and most previous Telecourses are eligible for continuing professional training (CPT) credit if facilitated by a POST-Certified Telecourse Presenter. Certified Presenters of POST Advanced Officer Courses or Skills and Knowledge Modular training courses may also use the Telecourses as part of those courses. POST-Certified Telecourse Presenters seeking CPT credit for trainees must document Telecourse attendance on POST Course Roster (Form 2-111). For detailed instructions on completion of the Telecourse Course Roster, visit www.post.ca.gov/training/cptn/credit.asp. Call the POST Training Delivery Bureau at 916.227.4866 for more information about Telecourse CPT credit.

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Future Program Releases*

2007 Legal Update (Feb. 2007)

Case Law Today (Feb. 2007)

Tactical Communications Update (Mar. 2007)

Case Law Today (Mar. 2007)

* Schedule subject to change.